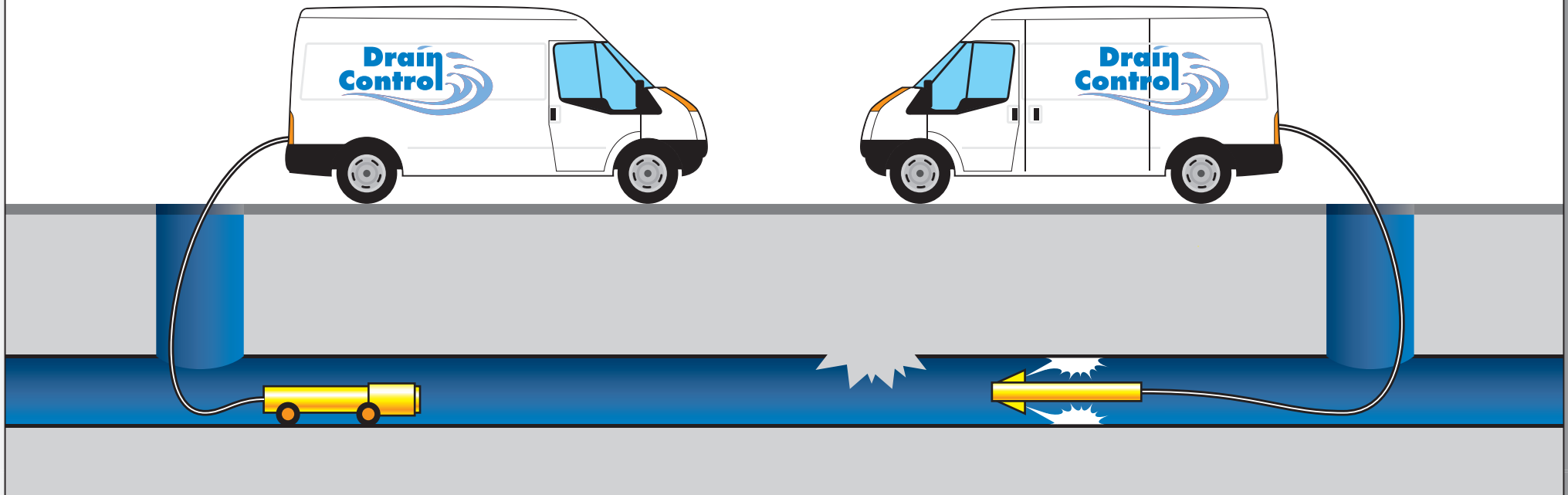


Step 1

Cleaning and CCTV of pipe to be lined

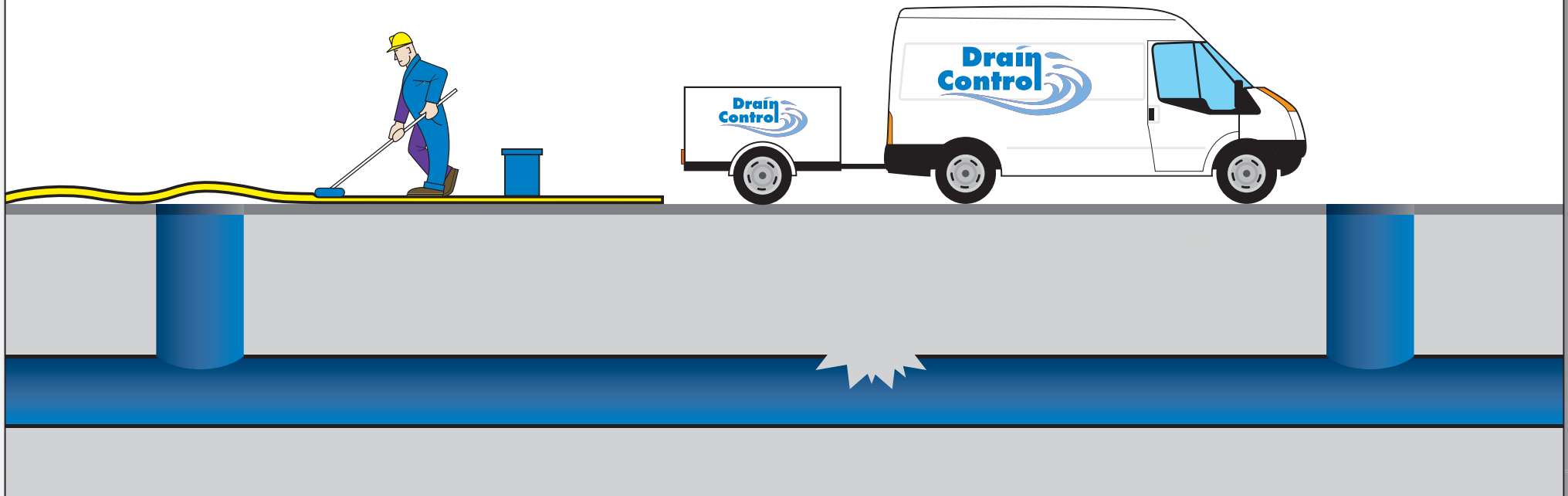
- The old pipe is thoroughly cleaned.
- The pipe is viewed with a tractor mount camera (CCTV) for obstructions such as protruding service connections or collapsed sections. This also provides a report on the condition of the existing pipes.



Step 2

Liner is impregnated with resin

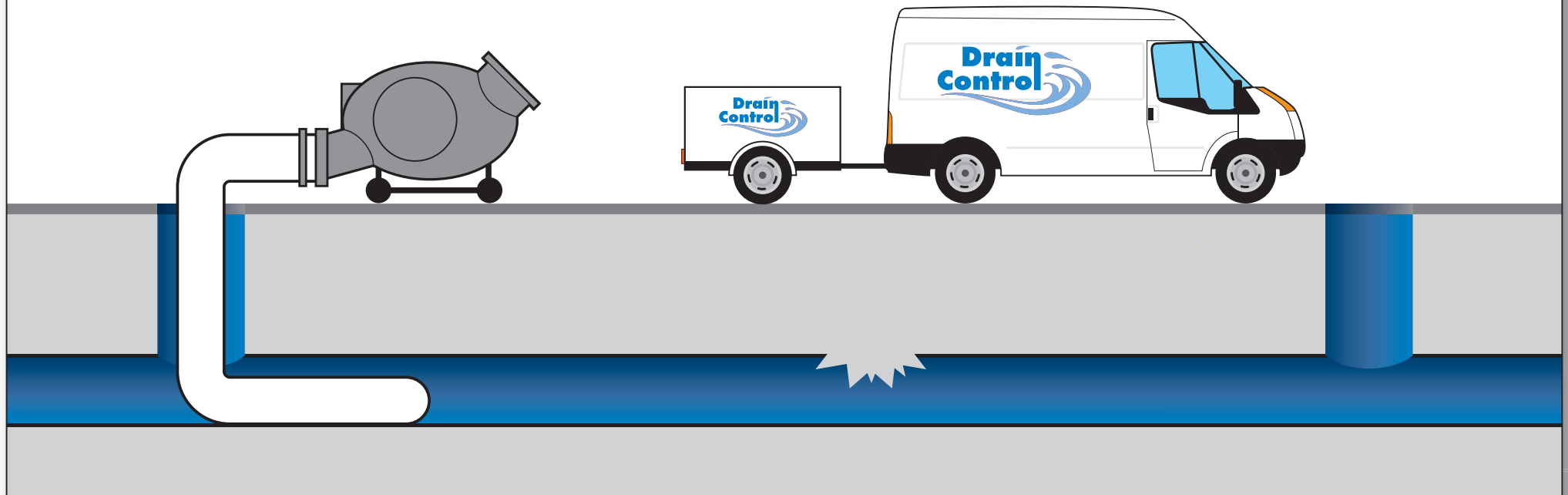
- A suitable liner is chosen to suit the conditions and type of pipe.
- The resin is then mixed and impregnated into the liner with a roller.
- The liner is then loaded into the inversion tank.



Step 3

Pipe installed into existing pipe

- The HOT CURE liner is inverted into the original pipeline.
- The liner can be blown through bends up to 90 degrees, through displaced joints/open joints and even through missing pipework.



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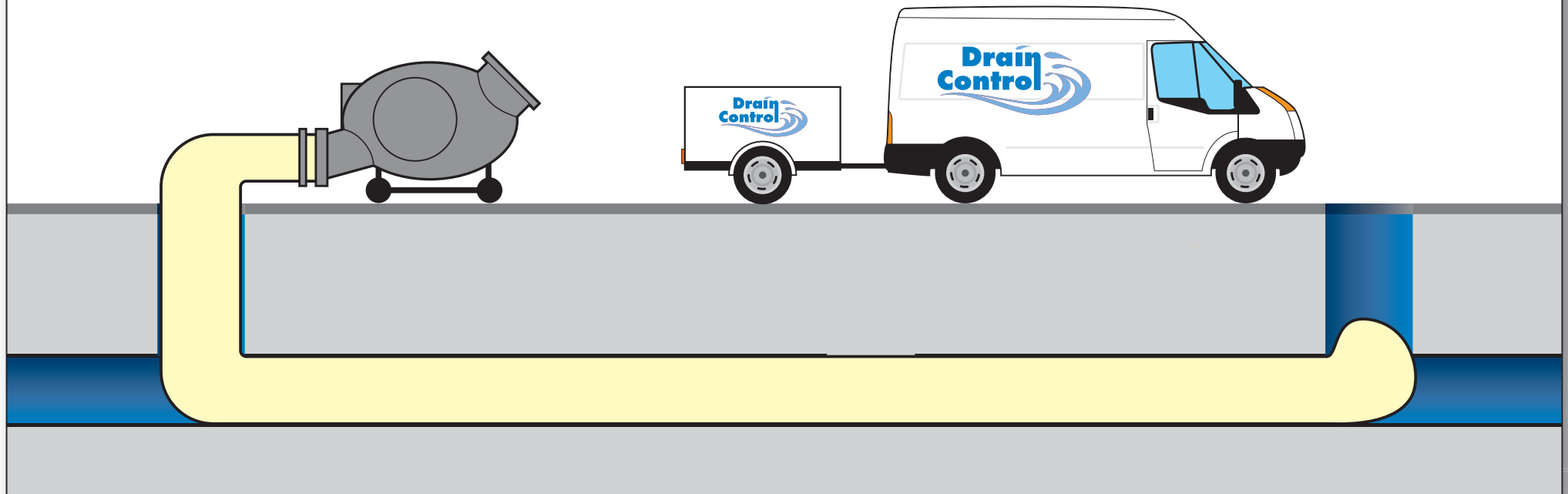
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Step 4

EX pipe expansion and shaping

- The new pipe is expanded to tightly fit the existing pipe using air pressure.
- Once the new pipe is expanded, the air is replaced by hot water while maintaining a constant pressure and allowed to cure.
- It is then trimmed at each end to remove excess material.



Step 5

Service connection reinstatement

- After the new pipe has cured, service connections are reopened with a lateral cutting device and a closed-circuit camera.
- The new pipe is now ready to use.
- This entire procedure only takes hours, and no excavation is necessary.

